

## FRENCH TAKE THREE TOWNS IN ADVANCE ON THE AISNE FRONT

Chivy, Bray and Chayonne Fall Before the Impetuous Advance of Gen. Nivelle's Forces—Twelve Cannon, Including Three of Large Calibre, Seized by Them

## HEAVY GERMAN LOSS IN COUNTER-ATTACKS

Gen. Haig's Armies Captured Villers-Huislain, to Northwest of St. Quentin and Are Being Organized for a Renewal of the Attack on Lens

Continuing their great offensive along the Aisne and in Champagne, the French have made further important gains. More than 14,000 prisoners have been taken in two days of attack. Twelve cannon, including three of large calibre, were among the large quantities of war material captured.

Pushing far north of the Aisne, the French completed the occupation of Chivy east of the Oise-Aisne canal, and pressed on to Bray-en-Laonnois, which was entered by the French patrols.

On the Aisne, further west, they occupied the village of Chayonne. To the east of this position several fortified positions were wrested from the Germans. Momentarily halting in the Champagne district to organize their positions, the French were attacked by the Germans. Three attacks were delivered 10 miles southeast of Rheims, but all were beaten off with heavy losses to the attacking forces.

While the French are delivering their heavy blows in the Aisne-Champagne battle the British are organizing their forces for the renewal of their struggle in the Arras region, the process of envelopment being continued about Lens and similar operations at St. Quentin. In registering progress in the operations northwest of St. Quentin, Haig's forces last night straightened out their line by an advance of more than a mile, capturing the village of Villers-Huislain.

## THE GERMAN REPORT

Tells of More Than 3,000 French Prisoners Taken.

Berlin, via London, April 18.—Army headquarters announces that more than 3,000 officers and men have been taken prisoners by the Germans on the French front.

## HOUSES OF GERMANS ATTACKED IN BRAZIL

German Flag Torn Down and Windows Smashed in City of Porto Alegre.

Porto Alegre, Brazil, April 18.—A mob attacked 270 German houses last night, tore down German flags and smashed the windows. Afterwards caricatures of the German emperor were nailed to the walls.

Porto Alegre is one of the principal cities of Brazil.

## HUNGARIAN PREMIER TISZA HAS RESIGNED

Announcement Published in Socialist Paper in Budapest, According to an Amsterdam Dispatch.

London, April 18.—An Amsterdam dispatch to the Central News says the Budapest Socialist paper Mowesak announces the resignation of Count Tisza, the Hungarian premier.

## PAPER MEN SAY "NOT GUILTY."

Tentative Pleas Entered Before United States Judge.

New York, April 18.—Tentative pleas of not guilty were entered before United States Judge Cushman yesterday by the seven men indicted last week on a charge of violating the Sherman anti-trust law in connection with the news print paper situation. The defendants, who were released on \$3,000 bond each, are Philip T. Dodge, president of the International Paper company; Alexander Smith, a Chicago banker; George H. Mead of Dayton, O.; Edward W. Backus of Minneapolis; George Chahoon, Jr., G. H. Gould and Frank J. Sensenbrenner. They were given until April 30 to demur or take other legal steps.

## Government Horses Poisoned.

Syracuse, N. Y., April 18.—Ten horses were found dead and a number of others in a dying condition on a special eastbound horse train here last night. The horses, owned by the government, were destined for military purposes. Officials in charge of the train suspect the horses were poisoned.

## M. E. Conference Has Healthy Growth.

Newport, April 18.—Dr. J. B. Hingley of Chicago gave an address on "Our Duty to the Church" at the first day's session of the Vermont Methodist conference today. The statistical report of the conference showed a healthy growth.

## NOT ONE SENATOR VOTED AGAINST THE WAR REVENUE BILL

Nearly All the Twelve Absentees When \$7,000,000,000 Bill Was Passed Last Night Were Away Because of Illness.

Washington, D. C., April 18.—The war finance bill, providing for issuance of \$7,000,000,000 in securities—the largest single war budget in any nation's history—was passed unanimously last night by the Senate.

After seven hours of discussion, the administration measure which was passed by the House last Saturday and which provides for a loan to the allies of \$3,000,000,000 was approved by the Senate, with few changes in record time. The amendments may necessitate a conference, or the Senate changes may be accepted by the House.

In either event the executive branch of the government conducting the war with Germany will, within a few hours, have authorization for the great war chest at its disposal. To expedite action, the Senate last night appointed conferees to act if the House should not, contrary to expectations, accept the Senate changes.

Of the senators present last night every one, including all those who voted against war except Senator Lane of Oregon, who was absent because of illness, recorded themselves in favor of providing the funds to prosecute hostilities. Nearly all of the 12 absentees were ill.

That, in the inability of the nation to supply men at once for the fighting lines, money should be America's immediate contribution to her allies was the dominant thought expressed during the debate. Few senators participated in the discussion, which was totally devoid of partisan expression. Every senator speaking announced staunch intention to aid the government in prosecuting the war to a speedy conclusion. Only two, Senators Borah and Cummins, declared opposition to the proposed allies' loan. A few favored raising a larger proportion by taxation of the recent generation and less upon bonds.

Amendments adopted by the Senate include provisions:

Limiting deposits of proceeds from the bonds in banks to the amount subscribed by the banks and their depositors, permitting deposits of proceeds in state banks and trust companies as well as federal reserve banks; providing for exchange by subscribers of the issues authorized for bonds subsequently issued, during the war, at higher interest rates, requiring the secretary of treasury to report expenditures of the bond proceeds, December 31, and annually thereafter; and exempting the \$3,000,000,000 of treasury bonds from the tax on interest, and exempting the \$3,000,000,000 of treasury bonds from the tax on interest, and exempting the \$3,000,000,000 of treasury bonds from the tax on interest.

By mistake, it was first announced that 83 senators had voted for the bill. A corrected tally showed the vote 84 with, as the vice-president announced, "the nays being nays."

With the passage of the bill accomplished, treasury department officials turned their attention to the details of policy yet to be settled in the actual issuance of the bonds.

While the Senate was still debating the measure, Secretary McAdoo held an informal conference with the members of the advisory council of the federal reserve board, including J. P. Morgan, who were holding their quarterly meeting here. To the members of the council Mr. McAdoo announced his intention of taking counsel with financial experts of the country as to the best methods to be followed in the flotation of the issue.

Later Mr. McAdoo announced that he would invite representatives of the leading bond and investment houses of the country to confer with him here before offering any part of the issue. It is likely that the first of these conferences will be held within a few days. The terms of the bonds, the manner in which they shall be offered, whether by public subscription at par or competitive bidding or both, the nature of the bonds and many minor details yet remain to be settled.

Representations made yesterday to the secretary were to the effect that the country is in excellent condition to absorb without disturbing normal business virtually the entire amount of the issue. It is unlikely, however, that the full \$7,000,000,000 in bonds and certificates will be issued at one time. A more probable course will be the offering of the entire \$5,000,000,000 in bonds at one time and the withholding of the \$2,000,000,000 in certificates until the money is needed.

## NO SEPARATE PEACE BY UNITED STATES

Resolution to This Effect Has Been Introduced in United States Senate.

Washington, April 18.—To provide that the United States and the allies formally agree that none will make a separate peace with Germany or her allies, a resolution was introduced yesterday by Senator Sherman of Illinois and referred to the foreign relations committee.

## FELL INTO ELEVATOR SHAFT.

Along with Truck and Nearly a Ton of Flour.

White River Junction, April 18.—Lucius Jennings, an employee of the Vermont Baking company, with a truck and a ton of flour in sacks, fell down the elevator shaft in the company's building yesterday. Jennings suffered a broken leg, cuts on the head and several severe bruises as a result of the fall. He was assisting in the unloading of a car of flour. The trucks were being drawn across the elevator to the baking room. Jennings had a truck load of 18 100-pound bags ready to draw in when some other employee told him to wait as the elevator had moved to the next floor. He apparently forgot the information as he backed out of the car with his load and into the elevator shaft, falling 25 feet to the cement bottom.

No one knows, much less Jennings, how he avoided being crushed under the flour and truck. Before help reached him he had managed to pull himself out from under one of the two bags that lay across his legs and was conscious enough to utter a cry of alarm before he fell. He was taken to the Mary Hitchcock hospital at Hanover, N. H.

## BERLIN STRIKE PETERING OUT

When Workmen Are Promised Sufficient Supply of Food

## TOGETHER WITH PROPER DISTRIBUTION

Berlin Report States That Last of Strikers Have Resumed Work

London, April 18.—A Berlin dispatch to the Copenhagen Politiken of Copenhagen, as forwarded to the Exchange Telegraph company, says that work has been resumed in most of the Berlin factories. Vossische Zeitung of Berlin says that as a condition of returning to work the strikers demanded a sufficient supply of bread and potatoes, proper distribution of food and a guarantee of promised Prussian electoral reform.

## OVER 30 RECRUITS

For Naval Reserve Were Secured in St. Johnsbury.

St. Johnsbury, April 18.—The naval recruiting squad which came to St. Johnsbury last Friday finished its work yesterday and left for Burlington. Between 30 and 40 recruits were enlisted here, a large number of them being St. Johnsbury academy boys. One minister was among the number, Rev. Harold L. Cairns, pastor of the Baptist church of Wheelock. He has enlisted with one of the St. Johnsbury units in the naval reserve and he expects to be called at once. The officers were very enthusiastic over the number of recruits received in this town.

## JURY TAKES CASE.

Arthur Baker vs. A. D. Harris in County Court.

The concluding arguments in the case of Arthur Baker vs. A. D. Harris, being tried in Washington county court, were completed this forenoon and the jury retired to deliberate, following the brief charge by Judge Wilson. A criminal case will be taken up next, presumably State vs. Clarence D. Wheelock of Montpelier, adultery.

## TALK OF THE TOWN

Mrs. Leon Carroll of North Main street went to Fort Ethan Allen this morning to visit her son, who is a member of the Headquarters company in the state National Guard.

Miss Mildred Stowe of Wellington street, a student in the commercial department at Goddard seminary, was a recent visitor in Northfield, where she acted as bridesmaid at the wedding of Miss Hester Mae Emerson and Lieut. Walter C. Merckel of Manchester, N. H.

Herbert Benjamin of Summer street, who has been employed as a teamster for Jones & Nye during the winter months, has completed work there and left yesterday for Springfield, Mass., and from there he will go to a nearby town, where he has been engaged to operate a steam shovel through the summer months. Mr. Benjamin has operated the shovel for several summers past.

First among sportsmen of this village to bring home a crew of big trout is James K. Pirie, the Graniteville carrier, whose catch Monday afternoon set a stage for others who may follow in his footsteps. From a sequestered hole in the Williamstown brook Representative Pirie yanked out a trout measuring 15 inches in length and the exodus of the big fellow was quickly followed by the departure from the home waters of four 10-inch trout. Mr. Pirie was back on the stream to-day. Because of the cold water it is said that few small trout are in evidence and if an angler is fortunate enough to get a bite he is almost sure to have a big fish at the end of the line.

Orlando Rossi, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Rossi of Second street, was accidentally shot Sunday by a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Fortier of Beckley street. The boys were playing in the vicinity of the North Barre school and the Fortier boy was carrying a crew of big trout.

He did not see the Rossi boy, who was behind the bushes and a tree and the gun was discharged, the bullet grazing the Rossi boy's back, making a wound of about three inches in length a little above the kidneys. Both boys admitted that the shot was accidental. At the present time, the injured lad is gaining as fast as can be expected.

Charles Ayers, who has been employed for some time as a conductor on the intercity line of the B. & M. T. & P. Co., completed his duties Saturday night and expects to leave Friday for Washington, D. C., where he has been assigned to a position in the office of the adjutant general. Mr. Ayers recently passed the civil service examination.

Arthur Bullock, a motorman, ended his connection with the traction company last week and began work Monday morning as an employee of the Perry Auto Co. Vinal Ave. of Montpelier, a long time employee on the traction road, turned in his conductor's badge recently and is now employed on the M. & W. R. railroad.

Patriotic women of Barre who have been active in war relief endeavors to-day shipped to Fort Ethan Allen 53 comfort kits, as their gift to the Barre volunteers and others enlisted in the Headquarters company.

There are 58 members of the company, but five of them have received their comfort kits through friends or relatives. American and French soldiers who have suffered wounds on the firing line and are confined in hospitals are to receive from the Barre women a consignment of comfort pillows, which were shipped to-day. A short time ago people in the kid gloves, which were much in use where the soldiers are gathered, were sent to them.

## STREET DEPARTMENT FUNDS RUNNING LOW

Many Snowfalls of the Winter Held Accountable in Part for the Heavy Expenditure—Routine Matters Taken Up at City Council Meeting.

Disappeared—Sometime between Jan. 1 and April 17, the sum of \$6,045, \$2,700 of which is known to be buried in a bank on Brooklyn street. Any accountant knowing whereabouts of residue or parts thereof will perform a conspicuous service by reporting to the Barre city street department, which at present faces problem of finishing the year on beggarly allowance of \$4,955.

In the darkness byways of street department finances, the city council, at its regular fortnightly session last night, groped with the question of maintaining the thoroughfares of Barre for the coming eight and one-half months on the balance of an appropriation that looks decidedly slim when stacked up with the work that remains to be done. The city fathers took counsel with themselves when Mayor Glyson prodded the street committee into giving an accounting of its stewardship since the beginning of the year. It was recalled that the sum of \$14,000 was appropriated for the year. It was recalled that the sum of \$3,000 was set aside for a stonecrusher that hasn't been shipped yet. Fortifying Brooklyn street against possible invasion on the western front of the city cost \$2,700, the latter item being reckoned in the \$6,045 expended in the past three and one-half months. The \$3,000 for the stonecrusher has not been disbursed, but it is pledged beyond recall.

Old King Winter was the handiest alibi in the excuse cabinet and those of the street committee who were present, Alderman Bruce being among the absentees, were strong in their condemnation of snow as an all-powerful agent for the depletion of money. John Greenleaf Winter, appearing before the council, said that when it came to describing a Barre fast in the grip of furious storms and after all the arguments and explanations had been boiled down and sugared off it was plain to be seen that much of the money already missing had gone for the removal of such loose and portable substances as snow, snow, etc.

It was not a comforting condition, as most of the councillors admitted, but after the brush over hard times in the street department, the committee decided to tie its sponsorship to a recommendation for a new road machine and the necessary authorization for its purchase was given without a whimper. Someone described the situation as "something damnable," but the case was evidently overstated, for on the next move the council voted to donate the use of its street department truck for a clean-up campaign.

Emergency in the board of city auditors has been created by the removal from Barre of William B. Marrioun, whose resignation was received and accepted by the council. In a report from the street committee, it was recommended that the salary of the street superintendent be \$1,600, with the stipulation that the superintendent pay the costs of his own transportation. Talk reverted to Mr. Marrioun's resignation and became more firmly entrenched in channels than had to do with auditing the Overseer William McDonald submitted a statement of poor department accounts as handled by him since his appointment. It transpired that the books of the retiring overseer, W. J. Clapp, had not been audited. Alderman Milne quoted Alderman Bruce as saying that Mr. Clapp had been receiving a daily request to turn over his books to the city and that the former overseer had indicated his purpose to comply with the request as soon as a bookkeeper has done with them. Alderman Healy said he understood that the charity books were not ready for the auditors. Mr. McDonald's report was accepted.

A communication from Postmaster G. W. Gorman contained a bill rendered for street sprinkling in front of the federal building with an appended statement reiterating a former assertion that a requisition cannot be obtained from the government unless it is advised in advance that work is to be done. Mr. Gorman's letter brought the system of street sprinkling under general scrutiny and many complaints and criticisms were heard. The clerk said that a boy had succeeded in collecting only \$280 of the \$1,600 outstanding on the assessments and that \$700, or thereabouts, had been collected in his office. He received many protests and told of a man who quoted a member of the street committee as advising him not to pay his assessment. The question of revamping the system was referred to the street committee.

P. Gropelli, leader of the Christopher Columbus band, presented a communication in which he asked for a share of the band concert money and on the motion of Alderman Rossi, seconded by Alderman Reynolds, it was voted to engage the young musicians in two concerts at \$100. P. Gropelli said the band was in a position to furnish even better music than last year.

Twenty-two births, 14 of them males, were noted by Dr. J. W. Stewart in his monthly report from the health office. There were 34 cases of contagious disease, 29 of measles and five of scarlet fever. Fifteen deaths were due to the following causes: Measles 1, tubercular meningitis 1, disease of the heart 1, tuberculosis 2, disease of the liver 1, disease of the bowels 2, disease of the kidneys 4, infantile atrophy 1, premature birth 2. His report was accepted, along with that of Chief Sinclair, whose police department report for February referred to 16 arrests, 12 for intoxication, two for breach of the peace and one each for fraud and procuring of abortion.

A number of granite manufacturers in the vicinity of Smith and Blackwell streets asked to have the stonecrusher located in their neighborhood and offered to sort and cart stone chips to the platform. The request and offer were referred to the street committee. On the favorable recommendation of the building inspector permits were granted as follows: A. Compagnari, to build a piazza at 91 Brook street; Mrs. C. E. Bolster, to repair polishing mill on Granite street; A. Mistrangelo, to repair Foss street barn; Mrs. James Ahern, to repair barn at 360 North Main street; Canton Bros., to erect stonecutter addition; E. T. Mower, to build a piazza on Prospect street; E. N. Normandeau, to build garage annex on Merchant street; R. L. Clark, to repair roof on Prospect street. The inspector's report was accepted.

(Continued on eighth page.)

## HEAVY FIRING HEARD OFF TIP OF CAPE COD AROUSES SPECULATION

## MUCH ACTIVITY IS REPORTED AT BOARD OF TRADE

George N. Tilden Was Elected President for Ensuing Year—Shirt Factory and Woolen Mill Projects Reported On.

Renewed interest and real enthusiasm were manifested at manufacturers' hall last evening when members of the Barre Board of Trade assembled for their annual meeting. The gathering served to close a fiscal year of the board that may be described as one of the most successful in the history of the city's big civic organization. Reports were read, and members added to the interest of the occasion by discussing in vigorous tones some of the achievements that may be written in the record of the coming year's activities. One new industry for Barre is practically assured and by reason of the hopeful remarks made by Harry Daniels of East Montpelier, a member of the Barre organization and head of the Little Woolen Co. of North Montpelier, it is not too much to believe that the city is in line for another industrial acquisition.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, George N. Tilden; vice-president, Alexander Duncan; treasurer, H. G. Woodruff; auditor, C. M. Willey; clerk, Henry A. Phelps. A rousing vote of thanks was tendered the retiring president, W. G. Reynolds, and other officers who labored faithfully in 1916 for the upbuilding of the Board of Trade and the city were warmly commended for their efforts. A. P. Abbott and James Mackay were elected directors for four years.

H. F. Cutler, chairman of the new industries committee, reported on negotiations with the Taubert-Ryttenberg company of New York for the location of a shirt factory here. It was stated that the directors had taken steps to raise the sum necessary to pay the first 18 months' rent for the branch factory. H. G. Woodruff's report as treasurer and the recommendation that the yearly dues be fixed at \$5 were accepted and adopted. It was John B. Magnaghi who moved that the president appoint a committee of five men to solicit funds as a free offering for the better support of the organization, the fund to be in the nature of a supplement to the annual budget of dues. The idea found instant favor and Mr. Magnaghi's motion was adopted unanimously.

As one of the principal speakers of the evening ex-Senator Daniels was warmly received. Mr. Daniels said he had several places under consideration as a location for his woolen mill and intimated that he was very favorably impressed with Barre as a seat for the industry. He indicated that a 10 years' exemption from taxation would be an inducement and went on to state that a factory to cost \$20,000 would be built and equipped with \$80,000 worth of machinery. Probably 100 hands would be employed. Mr. Daniels spoke in characteristic vein and was heartily applauded for his contribution to the program.

Much interest centered around the report of Sec. H. A. Phelps, who contained an illuminating description of what the Board of Trade did for the city in the year just closed. Parts of Mr. Phelps' report are given as follows: Twenty-five members were added during the year and at present the board has a membership of 310. The directors held 12 meetings, all of which were well attended. On June 26 Prof. A. T. Smith of Dartmouth college addressed the Board of Trade on "The Possibilities of a Modern and Efficient Commercial Organization." Another meeting was held Feb. 6, 1917, when C. A. Atkinson of New York gave a talk on "The Amusement and Development of Our Boys." The entire organization also met on the evening of April 26, 1916.

During the year six automobile tours to adjoining towns were conducted, all of which were practically self-supporting. The Board of Trade, in conjunction with other organizations, purchased 100 large road signs, 50 small road signs and 1,000 cloth signs for granite shipments, all of which were appropriately lettered. The transportation committee had a conference with the Central Vermont railroad officials regarding improved service at the station and met with a fair measure of success. A committee from the board, in conjunction with the Woman's club, conferred with the city council in reference to a clean-up day, which accomplished results in 1916.

Extended reference is made to the success attending the better acquaintance trips. On May 23, 1916, five professors and 14 members of the senior class in the civil and electrical engineering department of the University of Vermont, were escorted through the granite industry. The Board of Trade invited the Orange and Washington county farmers' organizations to meet in Barre for an annual field day, which brought many people to this city on Aug. 19. On July 17 the Clapp tourists, comprising 36 lowans, were shown through the sheds and quarries. The board also co-operated in Chautauque week. Three thousand postal cards with Barre views, each stamped, were distributed at the monument retailers' national convention in Cleveland and the Board of Trade gave the Barre delegation a big send-off when it left for Ohio in August. Last summer 15 young men from Kamp Kill Kare were escorted through the granite belt. Last October the board, in concert with two granite organizations, ran an excursion through the granite belt for the Independent Order of Foresters, in convention here. The Board of Trade appropriated a sum of money for moving picture films of Barre, which are being shown throughout the country. On several occasions the board has sent legislative committees to the capital. Officers of the Board of Trade took the initiative in starting a fund for the Headquarters company, raised in Barre and attached to the state regiment. On April 12 the first annual banquet of the Board of Trade was a moving success.

The last accomplishment in the year just closed has to do with securing for Barre a shirt factory. The Board of Trade was instrumental in procuring for Barre the 1917 convention of national cemetery superintendents, which is to be held in August. It is believed that the convention will be of great and lasting benefit to Barre and its granite industry. The secretary personally wrote two letters on different occasions to each member of the national association inviting them to make Barre their 1917 convention city. Alex Hanton, superintendent of Barre cemeteries, was of valuable assistance in securing the desired end.

At the end the secretary says: "And in closing I wish to say a word regarding the very efficient work of your directors and officers, including the retiring president. Your directors and officers—not including the secretary—are all busy men, but they have been ever ready to respond to the numerous calls on them to work and lend their time and influence to promote any project for the betterment of Barre. They have certainly given of their best, freely and without thought of recompense and these men are deserving of your unstinted support in their efforts. I would feel ungrateful if I did not at this time say a few words in recognition of the attitude and services of your retiring president in the past year. Mr. W. G. Reynolds has been your president and consequently your leader in all the accomplishments of the organization. He has been a liberal spender of his time and energy, ever ready to assist, help and promote every endeavor of this Board of Trade. We bespeak and wish for the incoming president, George N. Tilden, the same, and if possible, a larger community of support in his endeavors."

After the business meeting the entertainment committee provided a substantial buffet luncheon for the members.

Three Coast Guard Stations Reporting to Navy Department, Did Not State That Any Vessels Had Been Sighted—The Three Stations Are Located Near Provincetown

## REGULARITY OF SHOTS MIGHT MEAN SALUTE

Although War Vessels in Active Duty Are Not Permitted Thus to Reveal Their Positions—Firing Indicated to Some People That an Engagement Was Being Fought

Boston, April 18.—Three coast guard stations, at Race Point, Peaked Hill Bar and High Head, reported to the navy department to-day that they heard heavy firing off the coast this morning. The three stations are near Provincetown.

The firing apparently came from a point just outside of Massachusetts bay at the end of Cape Cod. The reports to the navy department did not state that any vessels had been sighted, and officials said it probably indicated that a naval engagement was in progress.

The firing, according to reports from the stations, lasted about 30 minutes and then ceased. Attempts to learn something more definite failed and explanations of the firing awaited reports from the war vessels in the vicinity. Mounting steps were taken to meet any emergency. The navy yard has no information except that received from the coast guard stations.

Provincetown, Mass., April 18.—Heavy firing was heard off the tip of Cape Cod to-day. The regularity of the shots led to the suggestion there might have been an exchange of salutes by naval vessels, although it was stated that vessels on active duty were not permitted thus to reveal their positions.

## PERISCOPE OF GERMAN U-BOAT PLAINLY SEEN

Commander of the Destroyer Smith Reports That Several of His Men Saw It Before the Torpedo Crossed the Bows.

Washington, D. C., April 18.—The periscope of a submarine running submerged was sighted by the deck officer, the quartermaster and the deck watch of the destroyer Smith early yesterday morning just before the wake of a torpedo was seen crossing the bows. This information was contained in a radio report from the commander of the Smith to-day. Navy officials said it confirmed the reported presence of a German submarine in American waters.

The officer on watch said the periscope was plainly visible 300 yards from the ship. The torpedo was seen by experienced torpedo men as it crossed the bows at 30 yards.

## F. FERRARIO'S FUNERAL

Was Held Yesterday Afternoon, Many Friends Attending.

The funeral of Frank Ferrario, a highly respected member of the Barre Italian colony, whose death at his home, 31½ Granite street, Sunday evening followed a long illness, was held at the house Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. There was a large gathering of friends and the floral offering was profuse. Those who acted as bearers are: Paul Bianchi, Peter Merlo, Carlo Chivallari, Angelo Mochetti, Armando Guidilli and Leonardo Comi. Interment was made in Hope cemetery.

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